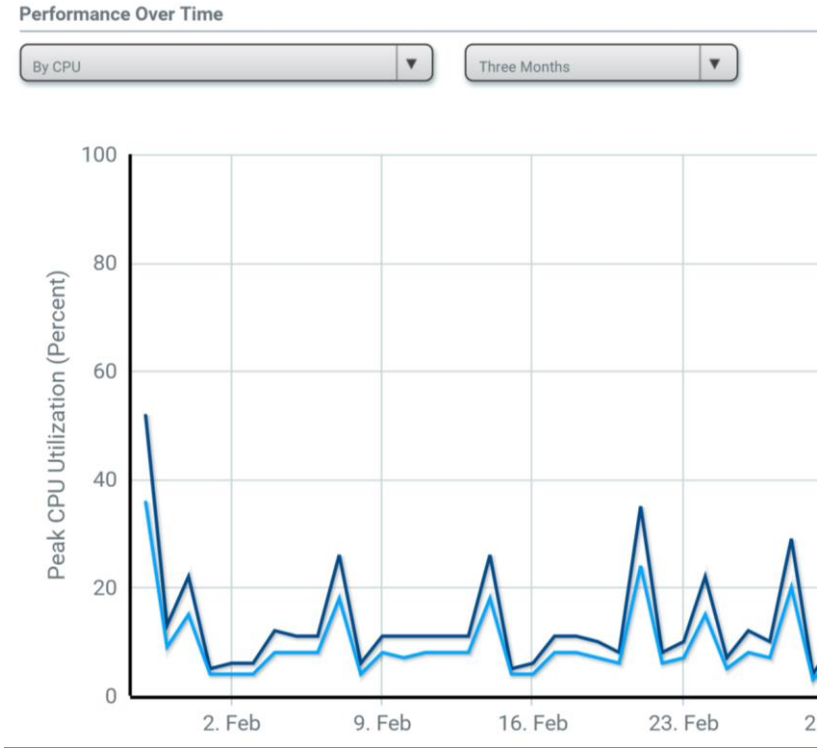
Maximize the value of your cloud

Cloudamize Overview

Cloudamize is a cloud infrastructure analytics platform that provides data analysis and recommendations to speed and simplify cloud assessment, migration, and management.

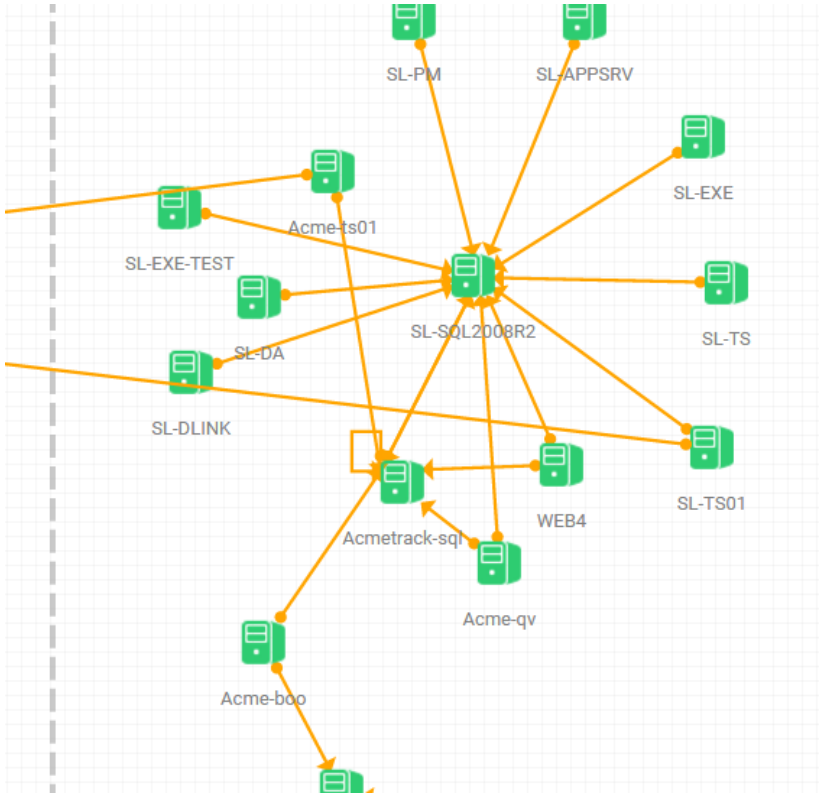
The Cloud Journey

Assess • Plan • Migrate • Validate • Manage



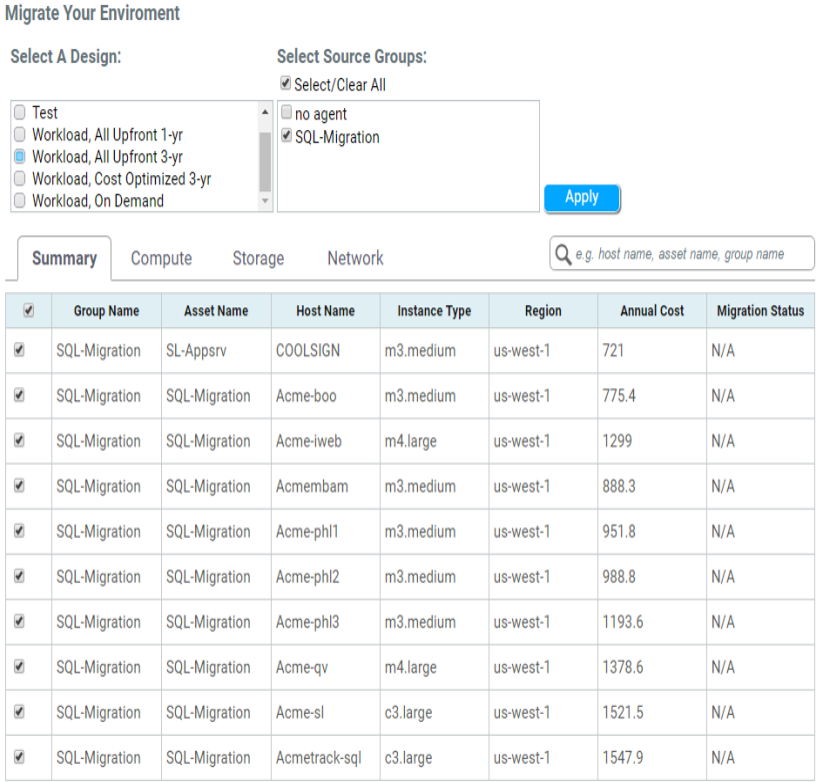
Assess

- Calculate precise TCO for Azure
- Identify your best-fit cloud provider and configuration
- See projected performance with recommended cloud configuration



Plan

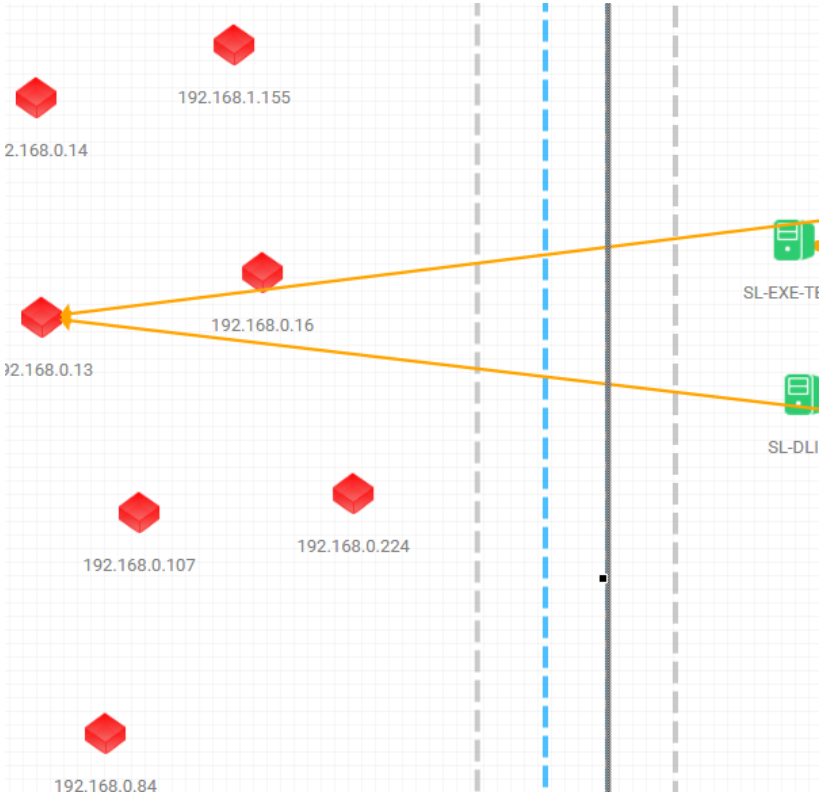
- Discover your infrastructure
- Map application dependencies
- Build move groups and design your migration plan
- Identify optimal cloud configuration for each workload to migrate to



Group Name	Asset Name	Host Name	Instance Type	Region	Annual Cost	Migration Status
SQL-Migration	SL-Appsrv	COOLSIGN	m3.medium	us-west-1	721	N/A
SQL-Migration	SQL-Migration	Acme-boo	m3.medium	us-west-1	775.4	N/A
SQL-Migration	SQL-Migration	Acme-iweb	m4.large	us-west-1	1299	N/A
SQL-Migration	SQL-Migration	Acmembam	m3.medium	us-west-1	888.3	N/A
SQL-Migration	SQL-Migration	Acme-phl1	m3.medium	us-west-1	951.8	N/A
SQL-Migration	SQL-Migration	Acme-phl2	m3.medium	us-west-1	988.8	N/A
SQL-Migration	SQL-Migration	Acme-phl3	m3.medium	us-west-1	1193.6	N/A
SQL-Migration	SQL-Migration	Acme-qv	m4.large	us-west-1	1378.6	N/A
SQL-Migration	SQL-Migration	Acme-sl	c3.large	us-west-1	1521.5	N/A
SQL-Migration	SQL-Migration	Acmetrack-sql	c3.large	us-west-1	1547.9	N/A

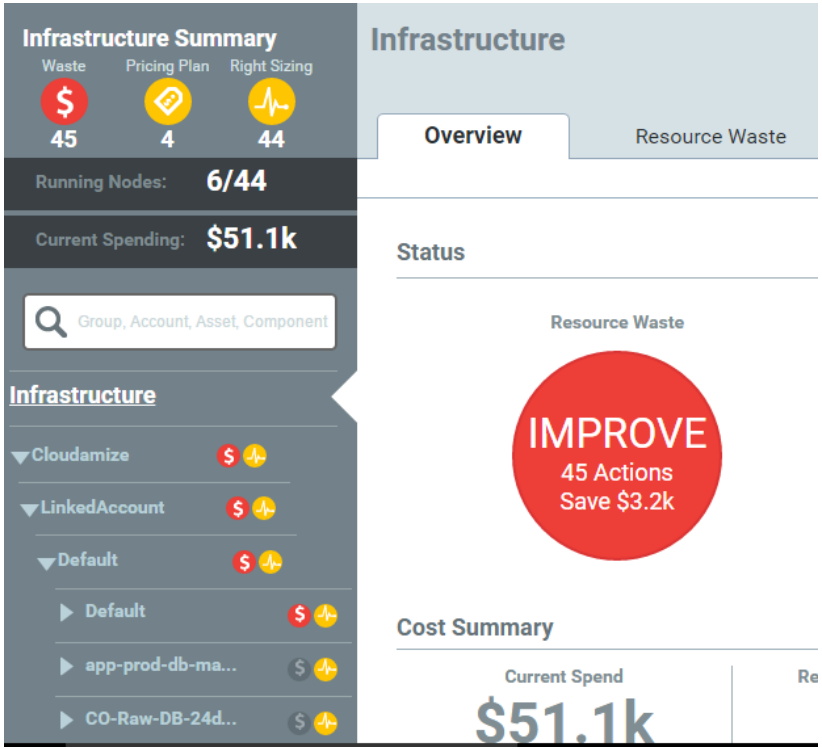
Migrate

- Import your migration plan
- Integrate with migration vendors
- Migrate workloads to any cloud



Validate

- Visualize connectivity between infrastructures
- Compare new state to historical state
- Validate application dependency

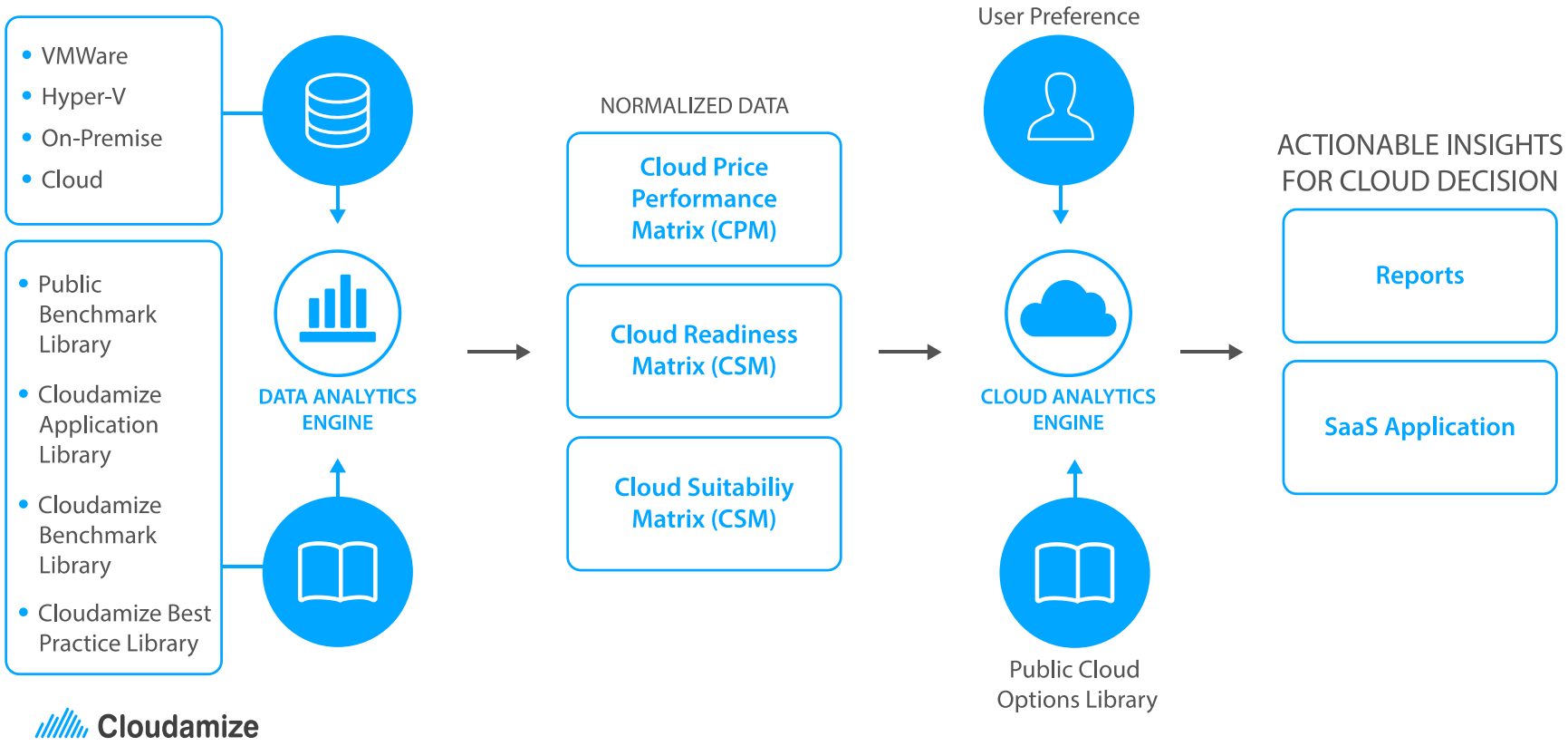


Manage

- Right-size cloud workloads
- Accurately plan capacity
- Analyze costs, filter billing data, and build chargebacks

How it works.

Analytics Engine



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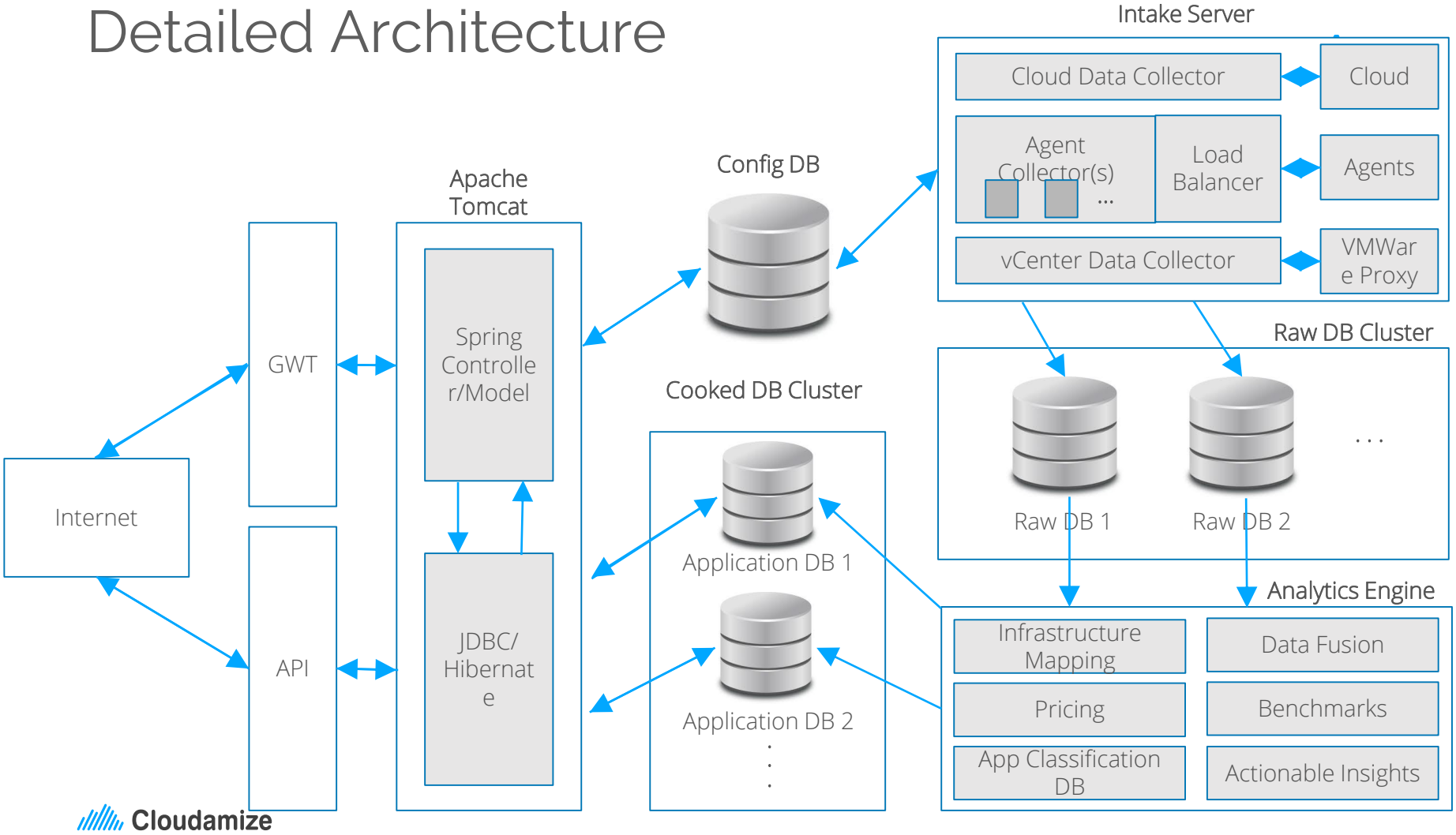
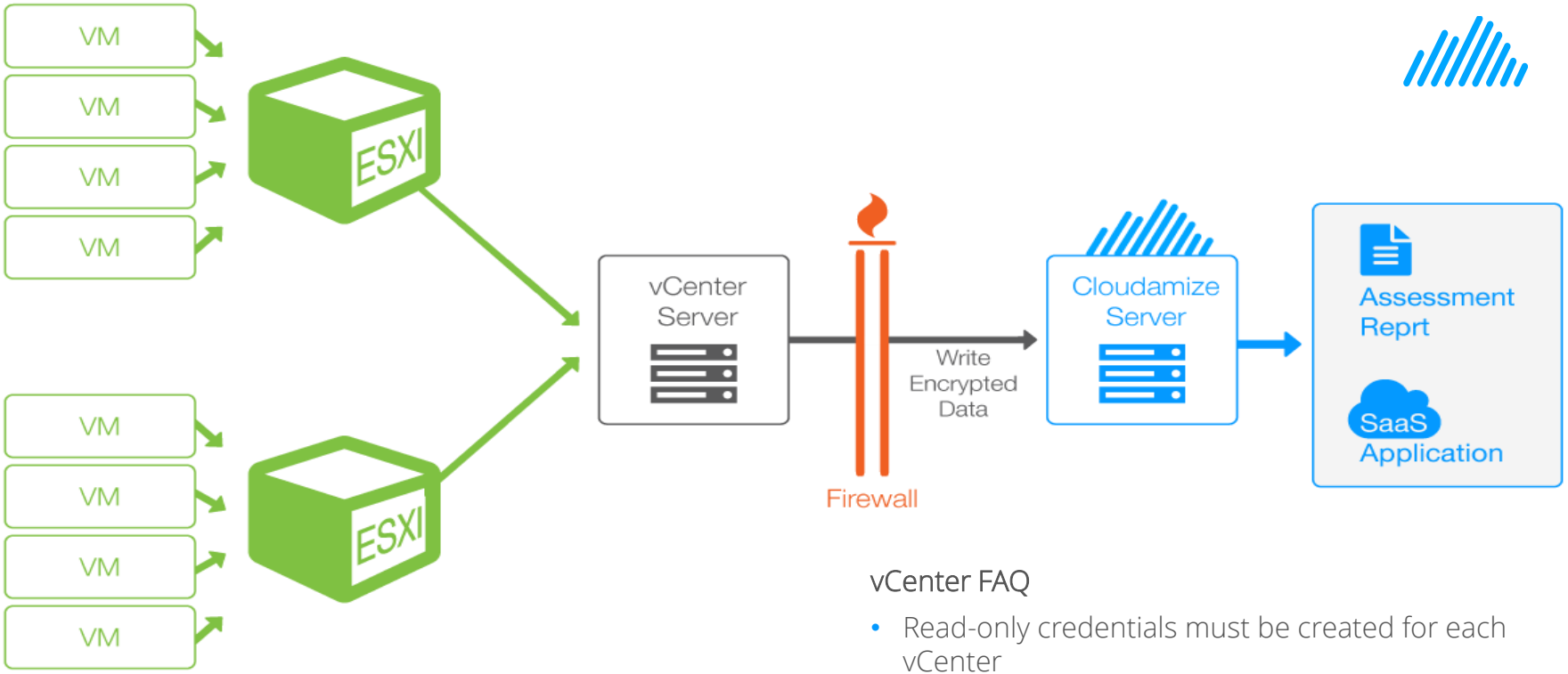
Detailed Architecture



Data Collection

Data Collection Method

Infrastructure	Data Collection Options
VMware	Hypervisor via Cloudamize Proxy, agent, and agent-less
Hyper-V	Agent on Hyper-V host, agent on individual VMs, and agent-less
Windows Physical Machine	Agent and agent-less
Linux Physical Machine	Agent and agent-less
Cloud Instances	Agent and agent-less



vCenter FAQ

- Read-only credentials must be created for each vCenter
- Data travels via Cloudamize Proxy which can be installed either directly on the vCenter machine or different VM
- The Cloudamize Proxy is unique to each vCenter
- The proxy communicates on 443 to IP 184.73.183.154

Agent-less vs Agent-based

Class	Agent-based	Agent-less
Data Collection Method	Light-weight software on each end-point	SSH, WMI
Security Protection	Traffic is encrypted via SSL between endpoints and the Cloudamize server with mutual end-point authentication.	Ports will be open between the agent-less data collector and all endpoints on the subnet. Data is sent from the collector to the Cloudamize servers and is encrypted via SSL.
Deployment Model	Agents must be installed on physical and virtual machines as well as Hyper-V hosts. The agent can easily be pushed out via Active Directory, chef, puppet, SCCM, etc.	WMI services for each Windows endpoint and SSH will need to be configured for each Linux endpoint. One machine/VM will need to have the agentless data collector installed.
Ease of Deployment	A single outbound port (TCP 443) to a 104.197.11.97 is required. Generally this port is already open and no changes are needed.	Agentless Data collector installed locally on one machine per subnet. Ports 135, 445, and 1024-65535 will need to be open inbound on all Windows endpoints, and open outbound on the machine with the data collector installed. Port 22 will need to be open inbound on all Linux endpoints. The machine with the data collector installed will communicate outbound on 443 to Cloudamize IP 184.73.183.154.
Resource Consumption	Data collection occurs locally and compressed data is sent over the internet. Data collection is halted if CPU and memory thresholds are crossed. For example, CPU is throttled at 2%.	Increases network traffic as the raw performance data is transported over the network to a remote data collector. No throttling mechanism available on the end points.
Accuracy	High frequency collection of performance metrics. Discovers all applications and their dependencies in detail.	Lower frequency data collection results in less accuracy and not all application dependencies are captured.
Scalability	Agent handles process initiation and stream handling making this very easy to scale.	Server must handle process initiation and stream handling resulting in a limit to how many connections can be handled concurrently. Agent-less Data collector can handle 500 endpoints per collector.
Robustness	Caching mechanism is available in the event of network disruption for added robustness.	Network connectivity issues can impact data collection.

Feature Comparison- Application Discovery and Migration Planning

Features	Agent Based	Agent-less
Application Discovery	Yes	Yes
Application Dependency Mapping	Yes	Yes
Auto-grouping applications based on business rules and affinity mapping	Yes	Yes
Inter and Intra dependency analysis	Yes	Yes
Cloud Readiness Analysis	Yes	Yes
Cloud Suitability Analysis	Yes	Yes
Migration Group Builder	Yes.	Yes
Shadow IT Identification	Yes	Yes
Firewall Rules Generation	Yes	Yes

Feature Comparison- Right-Sizing and TCO

Features (TCO)	Agent Based	Agent-less
TCO Projection for move groups	Yes	Yes
Right-sizing based on performance profiles (compute, storage, network)	Yes	Yes
Projection Analysis (see current and projected cloud performance)	Yes	Yes
Planning and Forecasting – ability to build custom designs based on the need	Yes	Yes
Pre-build TCO Reports	Yes	Yes

Missing Features in Agent-less Approach

Metric	Impact
Short-lived connections	If the connections short-lived they are not captured and that may result in missed inter-connectivity
Lower performance resolutions	Monitoring window is at every 5 min rather than every 30-seconds. Likely to loose short-term peaks
DNS traffic and analysis	Mapping between IP address and DNS is not available
Installed list of applications	List of installed applications and their CPU Usage will not be collected
SQL Editions	Cost analysis will not include SQL editions and mapping
.NET version	Limited ASR compatibility analysis
Performance Throttling	Agentless-monitoring does not have performance controlling mechanism on the monitored host

Supported Systems

Supported Window OSs

- Windows Server 2016
- Windows Server 2012 R2
- Windows Server 2012
- Windows Server 2008 R2
- Windows Server 2008
- Windows Server 2003 R2
- Windows Server 2003

Supported Linux OSs

- Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server release 5.0 or higher
- Ubuntu 10.04 or higher
- CentOS release 5 or higher
- Debian GNU/Linux 6.0 or higher
- Amazon Linux AMI release 2013.03 or higher
- Fedora release 12 or higher
- Suse Linux 11 or higher
- Oracle Linux 6.5 or higher

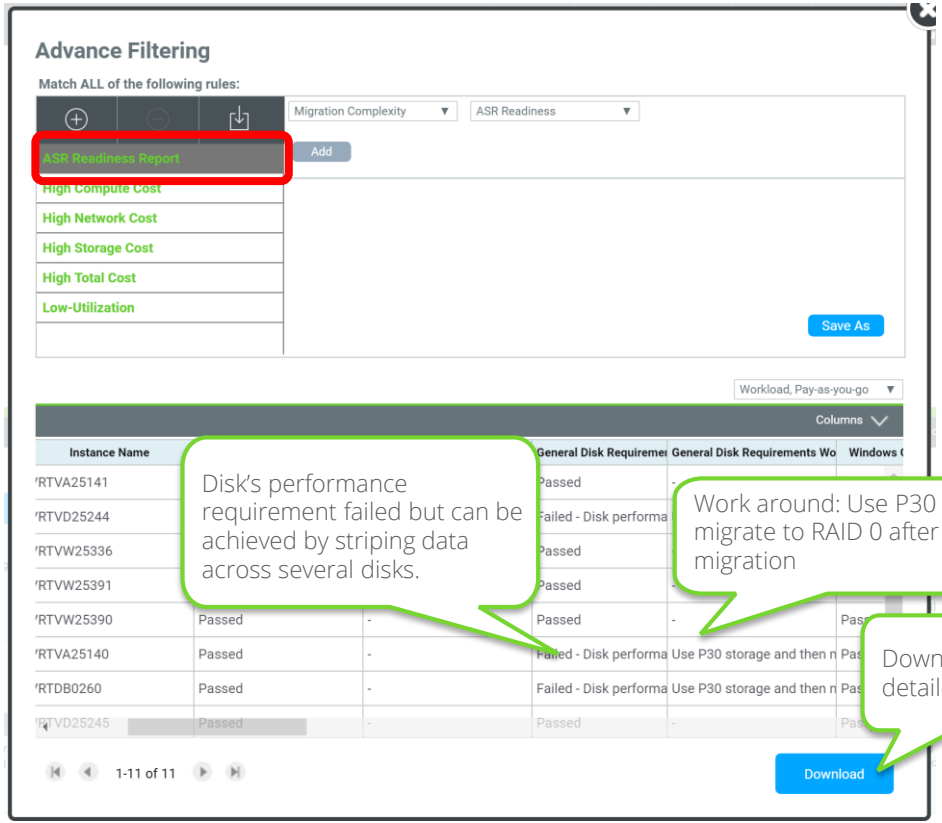
Chipsets

- Intel xeon
- AMD Opteron
- Pentium 4
- Pentium D
- Pentium M
- Some Intel core 2

*Typically desktop and laptop processors are not supported since they are not considered candidates to move to the cloud.

ASR Integration

ASR Readiness Report



Validation against ~20 checks to see if the target is ready for ASR migration and divides outcome into Success/Warning/Critical.

Provides workaround for the machines that are identified with "Warning"

Example checks:

- General Disk Requirements
- Windows OS Requirements
- Hypervisor Requirements
- Disk Space Requirements
- .NET Version Requirements
- Boot Software Requirements
- Linux System Requirements

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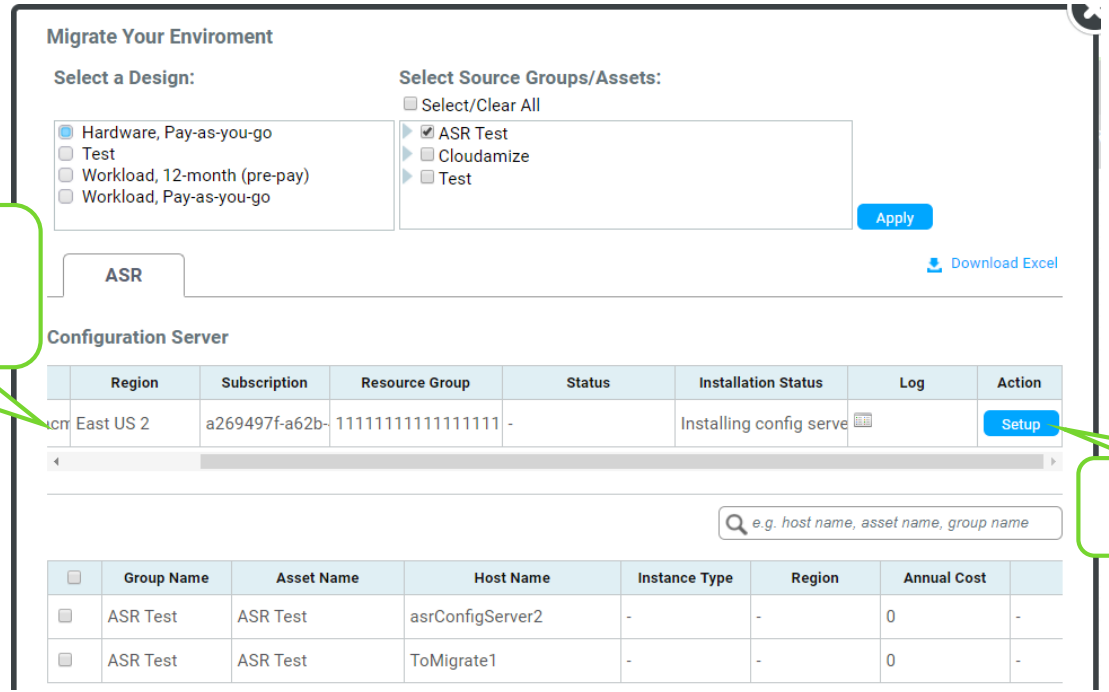
Setup the Configuration Server



1. Select the host to be used as the configuration server

2. Click "Setup"

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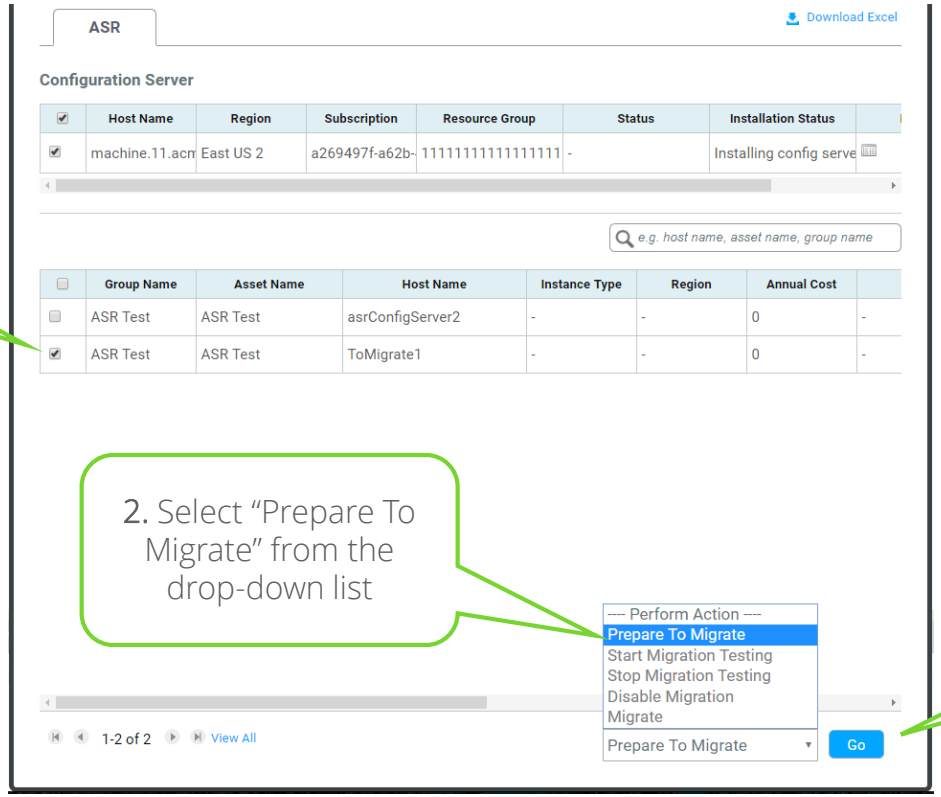
Select the Machines for Migration



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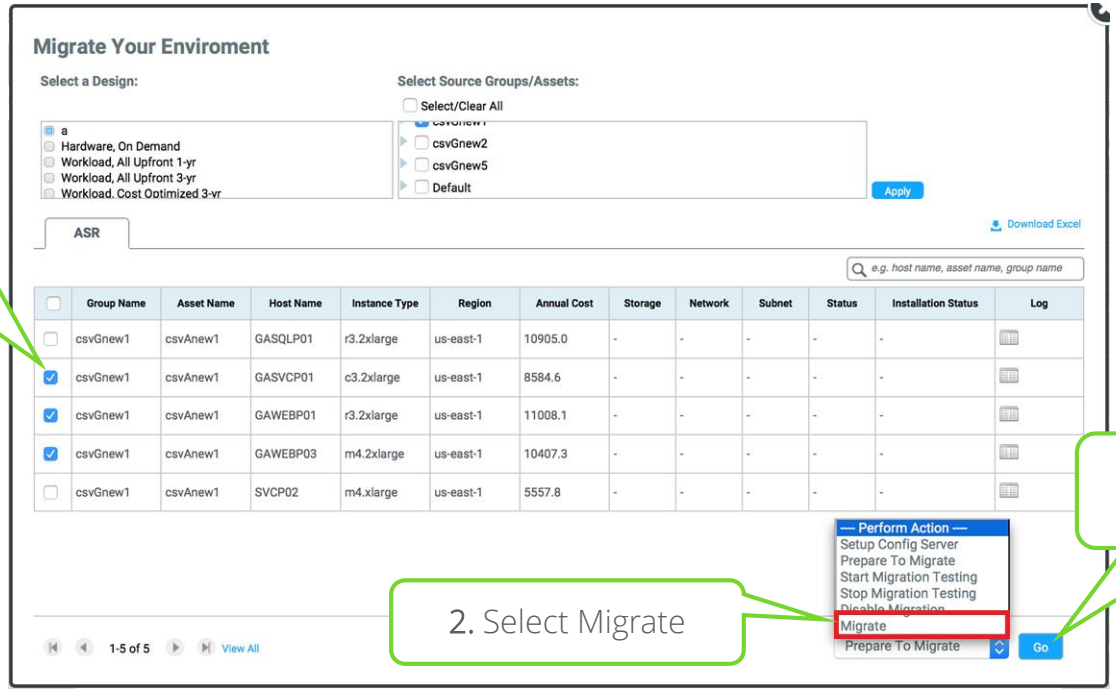
Migrate the Selected Hosts



1. Select hosts to migrate

2. Select Migrate

3. Click “Go”

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Thank you.

Partner Success Team

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